It Has Been All Downhill Politically And Even Personally for Miami Exiles Since That Day in 1962

By Richard Harwood Washington Post Staff Writer

IAMI—The heat and the special brilliance of the sunlight matched the mood of the huge crowd of Cuban exiles in the Orange Bowl on Dec. 29,

The cadenced roar from 40,000 throats was like a heavy surf beating in the great stadium:

"Guerra (war)! Guerra!"

They were caught up in an emotional frenzy touched off by President John F. Kennedy, who had, a moment earlier, received the only thing of value the survivors of the Bay of Pigs invasion attempt had to give—the flag of Brigade 2506.

Deeply moved, the President declared: "I can assure you that this flag will be returned to this brigade in a free Havana!"

To the Cubans, that impulsive promise was a liberation pledge. It gave birth to extravagant hopes. But those hopes, the brigade's biographer, Haynes Johnson, has written, began to die when Mr. Kennedy died. The process was accelerated by America's preoccupation with Vietnam. Today, the hopes have all but vanished, like the Brigade itself. The exile community is splintered, leaderless, disillusioned and impotent.

U.S. as Adversary

THE FEW REMAINING activists for the most part now regard the Government of the United States more as an adversary than as a friend.

Felipe Rivero, who drank scotch with a beer chaser on the beach at the Bay of Pigs, is in jail in Miami awaiting action on charges of plotting "violent acts against Cuba."

Orlando Bosch, head of the Insurrectional Movement for Revolutionary Recovery, is under indictment for attempted piracy of ships in the Cuban trade, attempted gun-running and conspiracy to blow up a Cuban sugar mill.

Jorge Mas, an intellectual bombthrower who runs the largest of the. extant exile organizations-RECE (Cuban Representation of Exiles)—broods in a windowless back room on West Flagler Street over the hostility of American officialdom.

"They give Castro a sanctuary," he complains bitterly. "But they harass us. They seize our boats and our guns. Their agents (from the Immigration and Naturalization Service) spy on us all the time."

Ramon Donestevez, a chubby boat builder who dreams of a "sail-in" to Havana to plead for the release of political prisoners, is threatened with a five-year prison sentence if he carries out his plan. Government agents follow him 24 hours a day to frustrate his scheme.

"Why does your government persecute me?" he asks. "We have waited eight years for them to get our prisoners released and they have failed. Are they afraid we will make them ridiculous if we show them how to get the prisoners out?"

A Dismal Roster

THE MORE SUBSTANTIAL figures associated with the Bay of Pigsmany of them military heroes-have dropped out of sight. At least two were committed to mental hospitals. Others have been discredited by time and events.

Manuel Ray, who was to have been the Minister of Sabotage and Internal Affairs if the Castro regime had fallen in 1961, lost face and influence in 1964 when he botched a new invasion scheme. Manuel Artime, civilian leader of the Bay of Pigs contingent, suffered : milar fate. He is now said to be

Eloy Guttierez Menoyo, a guerrilla warfare theoretician; was captured and jailed in Cuba when he attempted to translate his theories into practice against the Castro government.

Only Erneido Oliva, second in confmand of Brigade 2506, retains his old prestige. But he is no longer active in the exile organizations. He has his own dreams of military conquest and they do not involve the United States directly.

An American diplomatic official, surveying the disarray, compares the Cunant now to the Polish exiles in London. "The Poles," he remarked, "have three separate 'governments' In exile. That's the history of all exile movements. They break up into splinter groups like the Cubans, who have no effective leadership and no ability to work together."

Another officer of the Federal bureaucracy who is engaged in what is known as "intelligence work" is equal STAT ly harsh and equally clinical in his judgments:

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in the restaurant business in Florida.
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